

CURE FOR HAY FEVER.

Rickett & Wells Say Hyomel Will Give Relief—Sold Under Guarantee.

The season for hay fever is almost at hand and many people feel that they will be obliged to leave town in order to avoid the sneezing, watery eyes and other annoying symptoms of this disagreeable summer disease.

Rickett & Wells wish to announce that when Hyomel is used, either as a preventive or cure, there will be no hay fever. We advise the use of Hyomel daily for two or three weeks before the usual time for the annual appearance of hay fever. In this way, the attack will be prevented. If, however, the preventive treatment was not started soon enough and the disease comes on, use Hyomel six or seven times daily, and also rub Hyomel Balm thoroughly into the nostrils both morning and night. This treatment will relieve at once and give a speedy and permanent cure.

Hyomel actually brings into your own home, a climate filled with ozone and healing balsams, the same air that one breathes at the White Mountains or other health resorts.

There is no stomach dosing when Hyomel is used. It is Nature's own method for curing all diseases of the respiratory organs, and is breathed through a neat pocket inhaler that accompanies every outfit, so that the medicated air reaches the minutest air cells, killing all germs and soothing and healing the irritated mucous membrane.

It is the one treatment for hay fever where Rickett & Wells guarantee to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction. All who are subject to hay fever should begin its use at once so as to prevent the disease.

Lowell Victims Found.

Lowell, Mass., Aug. 3.—Fragments of flesh and bone, pronounced to be portions of human beings, the victims of last Wednesday's explosion, have been found at Riverside park in the search instituted by members of the militia, in which seventy men participated. There were no distinguishing marks by which any of the pieces could be identified. Mrs. Eliza Galloway, one of those injured, has died at St. John's hospital, she being the third member of this family to lose her life by the explosion, her husband and son having been killed. It is reported at the hospital that all the injured under treatment there are doing well.

Big Forest Reserve Created.

Washington, Aug. 3.—The commissioner of the general land office has ordered the withdrawal from entry of 2,500,000 acres of land in Oregon for the creation of the Warner Mountain forest reserve. The larger part of the land withdrawn is in the Lakeview land district and the remainder in the Dallas district.

Cuban Soldiers' Big Claims.

Havana, Aug. 3.—The total of the claims of the persons listed as revolutionary soldiers and as civilians entitled to pay for services rendered during the recent revolution in Cuba is \$31,589,000. The claims will be considerably reduced by the auditing commission, and some doubtless will be disallowed.

Post Office Robbed.

Charlotte, N. C., Aug. 3.—The post office safe at Mocksville, near Salisbury, has been burglarized and \$500 in stamps and \$85 in money secured. Nitroglycerin was used to blow open the safe. The robbers escaped, but the officers believe they are in the country not far from Mocksville.

Paid Dearly For His Bitter.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., Aug. 3.—Captain Pierce of the schooner Blisset of West Bay City, Mich., has been heavily fined by the government authorities here for bringing in butter purchased in the Welland canal and delivered to friends here without payment of customs duties.

Chinese Doctors.

Chinese doctors are not such charlatans as they are reputed to be. The Gazette Medicale de Paris says that they have a remarkable gift of diagnosis and often cure where European doctors have failed.

Cowboy Breakfast For the President.

A cowboy breakfast will be given for the president by the stockmen of eastern Colorado at Hugo, Colo., on the morning of May 4, says a Denver dispatch. The president's train necessarily will be stopped at Hugo for twenty-five minutes, the only stop between the Kansas border and Denver, and the stockmen, after negotiating with the railroad officials for thirty minutes' additional time, arranged for a cowboy breakfast for the president. Two hundred cowboys in range costume will salute the president on his arrival, and 2,000 stockmen and ranchmen and their families who would be unable to greet the president at Denver will be at Hugo to welcome him.

Most Fashionable Color For Dresses.

More fashionable even than white cloth this season is the butter color cloth which is used in some of the most attractive of the street gowns, trimmed with stitched or plain bands of the same material and made exceedingly plain in design, says the Chicago Post. There is only a little line of Persian trimming on the coat, or an embroidered waistcoat with jeweled or rhinestone buttons.

The Coming of Christ.

Members of the House of Israel, a religious sect, are gathering in Benton Harbor, Mich., in expectation of the coming of the Messiah, which event they calculate will happen within the next three years. It is expected that before the end of spring 144,000 believers will have gathered there from all parts of the country.

NOTED ARMLESS HORSEMAN

How W. B. Denny Handled Spirited Animals Despite Loss of Arms.

The late W. B. Denny, known far and wide as the "Armless Horseman," long a resident of Washington, lost his arms by the premature discharge of a salute over the body of General George H. Thomas, says the New York Times. For many years he had a position in the war department, but a year ago he resigned to give his whole time to his horses. He was a cavalryman during the war and always had a great fondness for horses. He had owned and driven some of the finest singles and teams seen in Washington.

His courage and skill with mettlesome, highly bred animals was remarkable. He was a familiar figure on the streets of the capital and often drove and won on the race tracks of the District and adjoining states. His driving was marvelous, in that he seemed to accomplish his conquest of the worst horse by talking to him and so gaining his confidence. When he undertook to drive a strange and spirited team or to break a young horse he first saw that every strap and buckle was at its proper place; then he placed one rein over his right shoulder and the other beneath his left arm, the two reins being made fast with a strong buckle turned under so that it was impossible to slip or come loose. With the stub of his arms he was able to guide the animals. The weight of his body against the reins brought the horses to a slow up if they got fast and fretful. Twisting his shoulders and body from side to side, sawing the bits in the mouths until the horses were willing to quiet down and trot gently along, he was able to manage them.

Last spring some of the owners of fast steppers had a number of races at Brightwood Driving park. Mr. Denny's late home, and he had a team entered in a trotting race. The young man who was to drive showed in the line up that Mr. Denny's team had a fair chance to win. Mr. Denny became irritated at the stupid horsemanship and, ordering the young fellow out of the sulky, jumped in, adjusted the reins in a twinkling and succeeded in getting a good position, winning the race easily. Many of the best horsemen in the District and a number from elsewhere were present, and all declared that they had never witnessed such a fine exhibition on any track.

It is the one treatment for hay fever where Rickett & Wells guarantee to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction. All who are subject to hay fever should begin its use at once so as to prevent the disease.

RUSSIA'S NEW CITY.

M. M. Langhorne Believes Dalny Has an Unlimited Future.

"The Building of Dalny" is the subject of a special article by Mr. M. M. Langhorne, commercial agent of the United States, recently issued by the department of commerce and labor as an advance sheet of the consular reports, says the New York Herald.

Mr. Langhorne tells the story of the enterprise displayed by the Russian government in building a great commercial city on the eastern shore of the Liaotung peninsula, about twenty miles from Port Arthur and within territory leased by the Chinese government to Russia on March 27, 1898.

Commanding a situation equal to that of Port Arthur, Dalny is believed by Mr. Langhorne to have an unlimited future, since the Russian lease includes a harbor that is being converted into one of the best in the world. The city is the southern terminus of the Chinese Eastern railway and the headquarters of the company. In fact, the city is being constructed by the Chinese Eastern Railway company under the direction of the Russian minister of finance, M. Witte.

Dalny is divided into three parts—the administration city, the European and commercial city and the Chinese city. The administration city borders on the harbor and bay and is 108 acres in extent. All space in that quarter is reserved for the use of the Chinese Eastern Railway company and its officials. One of the features giving solidity to the industrial future of Dalny is the fact that it manufactures nearly everything in the way of materials used in building.

The harbor is the scene of the greatest activity at present. The small harbor has been dredged to a depth of eighteen feet, and the pier for coast steamers, which has been in use for over a year, is nearly completed and has a railroad to its end. Trains are now in operation from St. Petersburg and Moscow to Dalny.

Japan furnishes the bulk of the coal imported, Russia the cement and kerosene, Korea and the United States the timber and the United States the flour. Provisions are obtained principally from Shanghai and other trade centers of the east.

One Horse's Appetite.
Six pounds weight of bullets, three pieces of steel, a nail, a hairpin, some glass and small stones were found in the stomach of a horse which had died suddenly at Fernside Gully, Victoria.

FROM THE

Mass. General Hospital,

Boston, Mass., A. C. Moody, graduate of Boston Training School of Nurses, says of

Quinona
"I want to tell you of a case where Quinona was given in the prescribed doses, three times daily, to an elderly man, whose health was in a very bad state. He has made steady progress since taking Quinona, feels much stronger and eats and sleeps well." To sleep well, eat well and feel well, take Quinona. All druggists sell it.

The Quinona Co., Boston, Mass.

A VIEW OF WALL STREET

Financial Mart Like an Insane Asylum, Says Mrs. Sage.

WANTS HER HUSBAND TO QUIT.

Wife of Noted Financier Gives Her Impressions of New York Stock Exchange—Says Money to Her Is Only a Means to an End—Believes Wives Should Have a Regular Allowance.

"If all that one hears about Wall street is true it seems to me that it is more like an insane asylum than a place where men congregate to carry on business in a peaceful, lawabiding manner. Some years ago curiosity led me to visit the Stock Exchange to see whether it really was a menagerie of bulls and bears. My curiosity was satisfied. When I heard of the excitement down there the other day I tried to persuade my husband to stay away, but he would not. In the fray, as he calls it, I have been trying to persuade him that he has worked long and hard enough to spend the remainder of his years in peace. But he has been at it so constantly that business has become a necessity with him. He seems to care for no other sort of recreation. We have enough to live on comfortably for the balance of our lives, and nobody should need any more than that."

This statement was made recently by Mrs. Russell Sage at the old Sage home in New York, while she was giving her impressions and opinions of the recent Wall street flurry, says the New York American. She denies that she suffered from an attack of vertigo due to worry over the recent crash in stocks and says that she is enjoying the best of health.

"Stocks and bonds once interested me very much," said Mrs. Sage with a smile, "but now, beyond keeping conversationally posted on finance, I suppose I am a tyro. Money is to me only a means to an end, and I believe that when a person has accumulated enough to be comfortable on he should cease piling up more. Of course money making becomes a passion if permitted to engross the whole attention of a person, and that is what should be guarded against."

"Society women and women in general," resumed Mrs. Sage, "have been criticised for wasting their time on frivolous things when they should devote more of it to their families and to charity. Why, it takes as much strength and brains and nerve force for a woman to preside over a handsome home or manage a family of children as it does for a man to wear himself out on the Stock Exchange."

"As for women being extravagant, most of the so called ruinous extravagance of women is practiced by those who are trying to buy their way into society. They are very foolish women and should be blushed for. This is always an expensive undertaking and one that no well bred womanly woman would ever be guilty of. The latter makes her own place in her own sphere."

"One of the greatest banes of our American women is this falling under the blandishments of titled, fortune hunting foreigners. Some men of title make good husbands. The majority do not, according to record."

Mrs. Sage paused and searched among a number of memoranda for a notice that had come to her attention recently of a young New York woman who had made the mistake of turning over all her wealth to her husband.

"This young matron," she continued, "told me the other day that she did it because she thought she could trust her husband with her fortune if she could with her life and happiness. What is the result? She has to skimp along on a mere pittance of an allowance which she has to beg from him. He is not squandering her money. No; he has put it to excellent use and is adding to it all the time. But his wife is a pauper in the vital sense of the word."

"A wife should have an allowance—not a carte blanche order on her grocer and milliner for what the household needs—but a regular cash allowance or salary. Several women in this city whose husbands are worth millions are driven to borrow money from trades people and have it put on their bills. That is an outrage."

"Here in New York young wives see nothing but wealth and its display. Gorgeous dresses, expensive equipages, lives of luxury and ease are before them as daily examples. This arouses in the average woman of moderate means a spirit of discontent. She is a wonderful creature who can live on a pittance and behold such temptations with equanimity."

"This display of luxury on the part of the rich before the eyes of the poor is a sin and should be punishable by social law. It is the cause of more unhappiness and more divorces than any other thing in modern civilization."

"Dove in a cottage is quite romantic, but human nature is alike the world over and will not be denied. Some women will always be envious of their more fortunate sisters. A man should be pretty well fixed financially before he is married if he would live happily in New York."

The New Joint Commission.

The new joint army and navy commission will be composed of three officers of high rank from the general staff of the army and three officers of like rank from the general board of the navy. It will meet at stated intervals in Washington and map out plans for joint attacks on an enemy in case of war, arrange for the transportation of troops by the navy, plan defenses of naval stations and provide generally for the defense of the coast of the United States.

A PULSE CONTROLLER.

Surgeon's Invention Gives Warning of Danger to Patients.

Dr. Gartner of Vienna, professor of experimental pathology, has invented an apparatus called a "pulse controller," intended to watch and register the action of the heart and pulse while a patient is under the influence of chloroform, cocaine or ether, says the New York American and Journal. The apparatus consists of a watchlike box, to be attached to the patient's forearm.

The box has a graduated dial and hands, working according to the pulse and blood pressure vibrations, which are registered by an elastic spring in the most precise manner imaginable. The physician in attendance, or operator respectively, is all the time kept informed of the exact degree of the unconscious person's pulse and heart action. The controller furthermore shows the action of pulses which the physician's finger cannot feel or find; it feels the pulse of every drop of blood circulating in the arm. The entire blood and heart action is precisely and continuously photographed on the dial.

A number of medical authorities were interviewed. All of them declared that the pulse controller would do away with the danger of death in narcosis, as it is able to give most timely warning of approaching heart failure—give it so early and state conditions so accurately that the attending doctors can take preventive measures betimes. Dr. Gartner himself said that he hoped patients and physicians alike would be benefited by his invention.

"The first may now submit to operations without the haunting fear of going to sleep never to wake again," he said. "As to the doctors, they are rid of a great, absorbing care and can devote themselves more closely to their surgical work. Remember, operations sometimes last for hours. It puts an awful additional strain on the superintending physician to watch the pulse all the time. Many operators have told me that the constant watch tired their brains more than the case itself."

Up to now one among every 2,000 chloroformed or cocaine people has lost his life by heart failure, manual control of the heart and pulse functions and close observation of the pupils of the eyes failing at times.

A NEW RAIN PRODUCER.

Australia Sends Up a Column of Gas From Three Centers.

The latest Australian newspapers contain particulars of some experiments which are said to have been more or less successful of a novel method of producing a downfall of rain. The inventor makes this statement:

"I claim to produce rain by sending up continuously from three centers a column of gas made of certain chemicals. The gas, if sent up for a maximum of thirty-two hours, will produce rain over a range of ninety miles at any altitude, with any sky and with the wind from any quarter. I do not need to wait until the wind is from the usually rainy quarter. In one experiment I made the barometric conditions were quite unfavorable, yet I produced rain. The gas, you see, causes a vacuum. This vacuum is the center of a heat storm and is filled by dense clouds that contain rain. These clouds come down with the gravity of the earth, when the rain descends."

"The rain is different from ordinary rain found in districts in which experiments have been made. It is a tropical rain, coming from the very lofty regions, being slight at first and then later descending in heavy showers and bucketfuls. My operations have been conducted in an inclosure 12 feet by 8 feet. Though I cannot, of course, give away my secret, I may tell you that the chemicals have to be changed in accordance with the conditions."

GIANT CLOCK MAKING.

Novel Timepiece Being Built For the St. Louis World's Fair.

A dispatch to the Chicago Tribune from Milwaukee, Wis., says: "The greatest clock in the world, the dial of which will be 120 feet in diameter, is being built at Milwaukee for use at the Louisiana Purchase exposition next year."

"Only the hands and machinery are being made here (Milwaukee), for the dial is to be a brilliant bed of flowers. The clock will be placed on the side of the hill north of the agricultural building. The minute hand will be sixty feet long, and the ring at the end, which will be fastened to the machinery, will be eight feet in diameter. The minute hand will move five feet every minute. The numerals marking the various hours will be fifteen feet in length and made of bright colored colors."

"In a broad circle surrounding the dial will be twelve flower beds, one opposite each hour and each two feet wide and fifteen feet long. At night the timepiece will be illuminated with 2,000 incandescent lights."

A Result of the Alpine Invasion.

A protest is being raised against certain consequences of the construction of mountain railroads and particularly of the line which is slowly creeping up the Jungfrau, says the London Graphic. The Wengern Alp, it seems, once sacred to the beautiful blue gentian, is speckled with the shells of hard boiled eggs, rows of ladies' read penny "society" papers at the edge of the Elger glacier, and at the Scheideck a gramophone has taken the place of the Ranz des Vaches. Happily there still remain a few resorts of the old style known to the elect, but they become fewer every year, and the projects of the engineers are so ingenious and extensive that on the Bernese Oberland, at all events, another decade will probably see the last of them invaded.

CULTIVATION OF BULBS

Secretary Wilson Tells of Experiments With Flowers.

PRODUCTION OF RARE BLOOMS.

Agricultural Department Experts Have Found a Place Where Tulips, Narcissuses and Hyacinths Can Be Grown as Successfully as in Holland—Industry That Exceeds \$1,000,000 Yearly.

The president's cabinet at a recent meeting heard a lively account from the secretary of agriculture, Mr. Wilson, about the successful development of a new industry in the far northwest, says the Washington Post. His department has been expending about \$5,000 annually for hyacinths, narcissuses and tulips from Holland. The Dutch have been experts for generations in growing those flowers, and it is historic how the production of tulips once became such a craze in the little kingdom that certain choice kinds were actually worth their weight in gold. The imports into the United States of bulbs of these three flowers, which come packed in buckwheat hulls, are understood to exceed \$1,000,000 annually.

The department has been experimenting for about five years to find a climate in the United States where the bulbs for these beautiful blooms could be produced quite as well as in Holland and has at last succeeded. This came about in unexpected fashion. Some Dutch who went to northwest Washington to live undertook there to raise the same choice flowers with which they had beautified their surroundings in Holland. There, under the beneficent breath of the Chinook winds, hyacinths, narcissuses and tulips flourished even better than in the choicest spots of Holland. There are heavy rains winter and summer in that section of Washington state, moisture is constantly in the air, and the soil at sea level is rich, all the climatic conditions closely resembling those in Holland.

But these Dutch immigrants wrote back to Holland about the success they were having with the flowers, from which at home a vast deal of money was being made, and it was from Holland that the reports reached the agricultural department. That led to in-

vestigation and further experiments, which have fully satisfied the department that Washington state and part of Oregon are capable of producing all of those bulbs that the flower beds and the greenhouses of the east can utilize every year. The only difficulty now in the way is one of freight rates, for the Dutch of Holland can still put their flower bulbs down in New York at a cheaper figure than costs to transport the same articles overland from the Pacific coast.

The bulbs from Holland are serviceable in the eastern flower beds only for one year. If one strives to secure flowers from them a second year, it is found that the blossoms are of a very inferior quality. Hitherto the department has pulled up the bulbs after one year's crop and thrown them on the rubbish heap, except recently some experiments have been made with sending these old bulbs into Washington state, where it has been found that they produce beautiful flowers the second year.

The cabinet members were much interested in Secretary Wilson's statement about these experiments, which have been conducted under the immediate direction of Professor B. T. Galloway. The department is also conducting experiments with Easter lilies, which now have to be brought from the Bermudas annually to the extent of about 500,000. Climates have been found in the south which are favorable to the production of these beautiful lilies, but the chief difficulty has been to make them flower early enough for the Easter season. However, there is reason to hope that the lily bulbs can be developed artificially by treatment in cold storage, so that the flowers can be brought out in season.

POWDER AND BALL.

The Swiss state council has agreed to the rearming of the field artillery with the 7.5 centimeter tubular recoil gun made by Krupp.

White uniforms have been introduced into the Austrian navy for summer wear. The change is acceptable, as the officers were formerly compelled to wear black.

The King Edward VII. will be the most costly war ship ever yet constructed. The original estimates were for £1,500,000, and although they have been cut down, it is authoritatively stated by officials at Devonport yard that the total expenditures will amount to well over £1,400,000.

"Force!"

Price per package, only 8c

M. J. McGOWAN,

Telephone Connection.

South Main Street, Barre, Vt.

Furniture at Low Prices!

This is called the dull season in trade, but we find it quite busy at our store, where all kinds of Furniture is being sold at special low Summer prices.

These prices are on Chamber Suits, Parlor Suits, Tables, Chairs, Couches, Carpets, Rugs, Shades—in fact everything in the store. Call and see goods and learn prices.

BARRY & WILLIAMS,

New Tomasi Block,

Cor. Main and Merchant Sts.

UNDERTAKERS AND FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

T. H. BARRY, - 5 Averill St. L. M. WILLIAMS, - 26 Jefferson St.
Telephone 209-12. Telephone 212-12.

A Record Breaker!

We have frozen 1400 quarts of our Famous

ICE CREAM

from July 1st to July 14th. All flavors,
by the pint, quart or gallon, at

The Barre Candy Kitchen.

NEW DEPARTURE IN WALL PAPER TRADE

For Barre and Vicinity.

NEW GOODS direct from the factories to our store. The largest and most elegant line ever shown in central Vermont. Larger invoices received each week than are usually carried by most dealers. We give every customer FROM THIRTY TO FIFTY PERCENT DISCOUNT from regular prices. Investigate and see for yourselves. A full line of the BEST MIXED PAINTS, VARNISHES, etc. Lowest prices on all goods.

C. A. HEATH,

(Telephone Call, 155-3)

Library Building, 10 Elm St.

The Up-to-Date Wall Paper Dealer.